

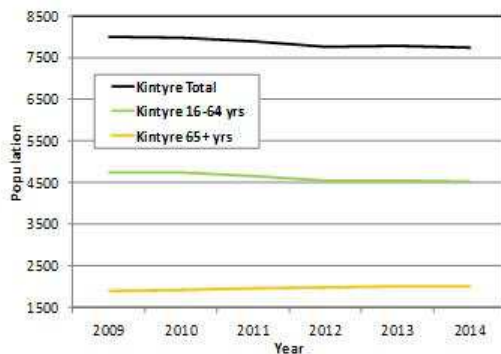
Locality Profile Information – Kintyre



How many people live here?



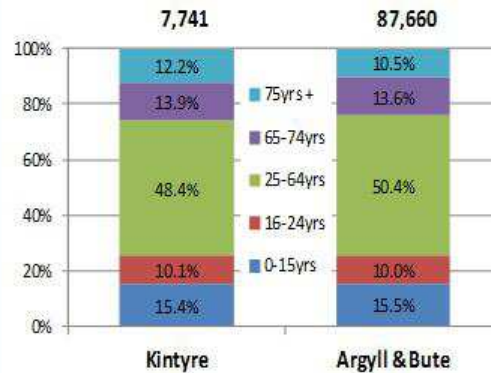
Population Over Time



Summary: Overall the population has decreased. The over 65yrs population group of Kintyre has increased slightly over recent years.

Source: National Records of Scotland (NRS) Small Area Population Estimates (SAPE). Best fit of 2001 and 2011 datazones to locality area.

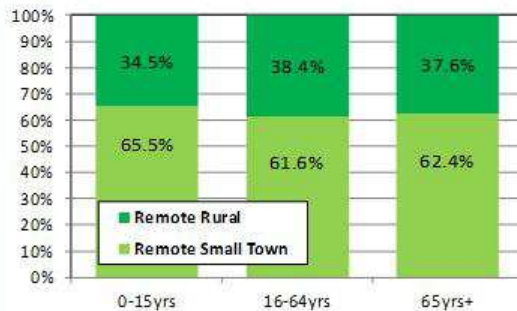
Population by Age



Summary: Kintyre has a higher proportion of 75yrs and over, than Argyll and Bute as a whole.

Source: National Records of Scotland (NRS) Small Area Population Estimates (SAPE), Mid Year 2014. Best fit of 2011 datazone to locality area.

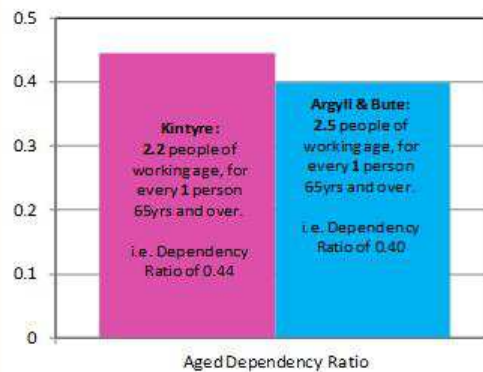
Population by Urban/Rural Classification



Summary: Over a third of those aged 65 and over, live in Remote Rural areas. This is in line with the rest of the Kintyre population.

Source: NRS Small Area Population Estimates, 2014. Scottish Government 6-fold Urban-Rural Classification 2012. Best fit of 2011 datazone to locality area.

Dependency Ratio



Summary: Kintyre's Aged Dependency Ratio is a bit higher than Argyll & Bute's Aged Dependency Ratio, i.e. Kintyre has fewer working age people to support those 65yrs and over, than the Argyll & Bute population as a whole.

Note: The dependency ratio ignores the fact that not all of those 65+ are necessarily dependent (an increasing proportion of whom are working) and that many of those of 'working age' are not actually working.

Source: Calculated from National Records of Scotland Small Area Population Estimates, Mid Year 2014. Best fit of 2011 datazone to locality area.



No access to a private car:

'Remote Rural', 13%

'Remote Small Towns', 31%

Source: Estimates based upon a sample of 100 people, Scottish Household Survey, 2014.

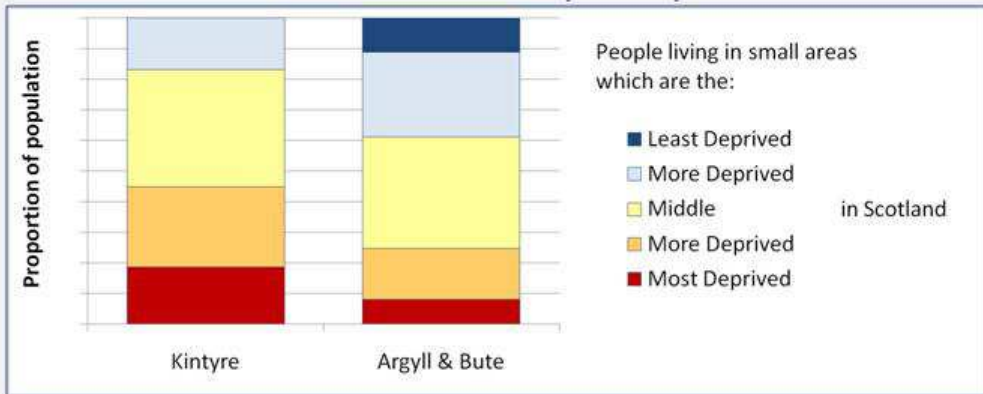
Locality Profile Information – Kintyre



What circumstances do people live in?



Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation

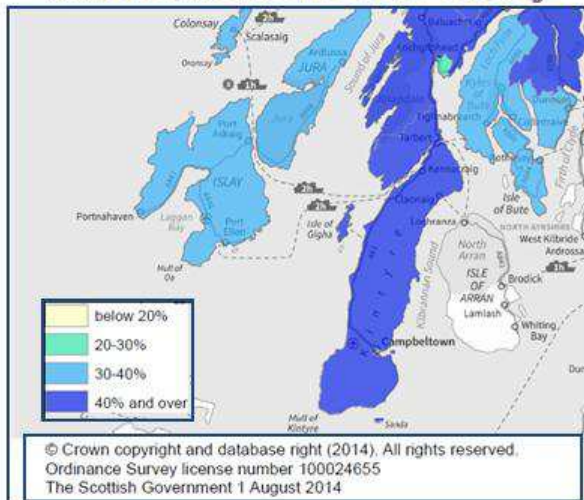


Summary: 19% of the population of the Kintyre locality live within one of the 20% most deprived areas in Scotland. These areas are within Campbeltown. There are no small areas within Kintyre within the least deprived in Scotland.

Be aware that: Where populations in small areas are from mixed socio-economic backgrounds, which is more common in rural areas, deprivation may be hidden in this measure.

Source: 2013 Mid-year population estimates, National Records of Scotland. Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation 2012, Scottish Government. Data best-fit of 2001 datazones to locality areas.

% households in Fuel Poverty



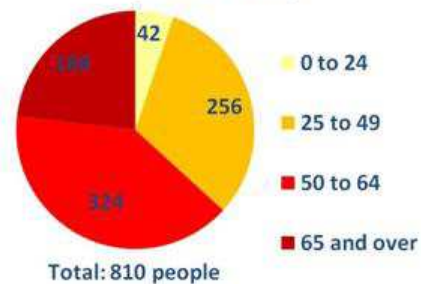
Summary: In Kintyre, 40% or more of households are estimated to be in fuel poverty.

Be aware that: Data based on 2001 intermediate geography and are estimated from a model. Different estimates of fuel poverty exist from different sources. All indicate relatively high levels of fuel poverty in rural areas of Argyll and Bute.

Source: Local Indicators of Fuel Poverty, 2014, Scottish Government.

Unpaid care

Number of people reporting providing unpaid care by age (census 2011)




Summary: 810 out of 7816 people living in households reported providing unpaid care. An Argyll and Bute survey found that 60% of carers received some support in their role but that 40% did not.


Be aware that: There are likely to be more unpaid carers than reported; people providing care for family/friends do not always consider themselves to be carers.

Source: National Records of Scotland, Census 2011 Best fit of 2001 datazones to locality area. Argyll and Bute Citizens' panel 2014 Health and Wellbeing Survey.

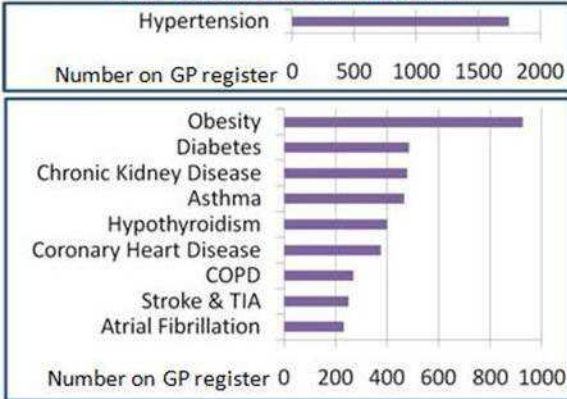
Locality Profile Information – Kintyre



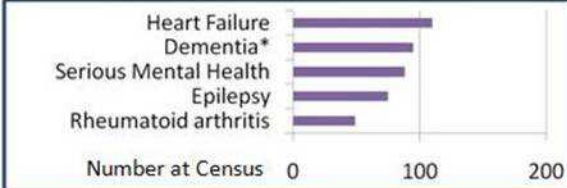
Health Conditions and Life Expectancy



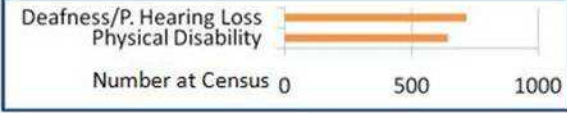
Number of People with Different Conditions



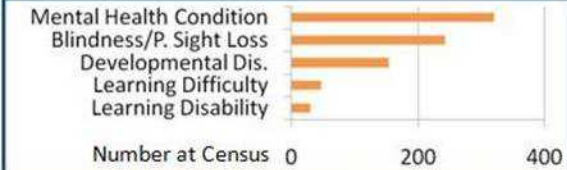
Condition	Number on GP register
Hypertension	~1800
Obesity	~900
Diabetes	~500
Chronic Kidney Disease	~450
Asthma	~450
Hypothyroidism	~400
Coronary Heart Disease	~350
COPD	~250
Stroke & TIA	~200
Atrial Fibrillation	~150



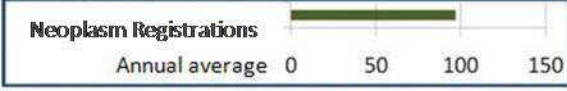
Condition	Number at Census
Heart Failure	~110
Dementia*	~100
Serious Mental Health	~90
Epilepsy	~80
Rheumatoid arthritis	~70



Condition	Number at Census
Deafness/P. Hearing Loss	~700
Physical Disability	~600

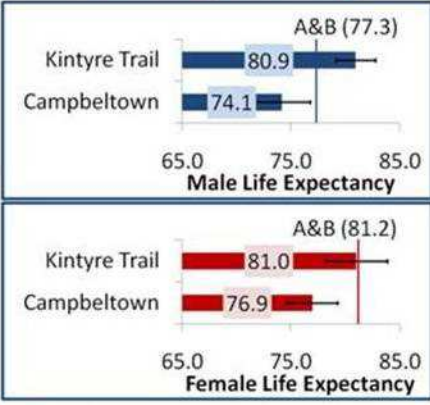


Condition	Number at Census
Mental Health Condition	~350
Blindness/P. Sight Loss	~250
Developmental Dis.	~150
Learning Difficulty	~50
Learning Disability	~20



Annual average	
Annual average	~100

Life Expectancy




Category	Kintyre Trail	Campbeltown	A&B Average
Male Life Expectancy	80.9	74.1	77.3
Female Life Expectancy	81.0	76.9	81.2

Summary: Both female and male life expectancy is lower in Campbeltown than for Argyll and Bute as a whole. Male Life expectancy in Kintyre Trail (which includes Tarbert) is higher than for Argyll and Bute as a whole.

Be aware that: Data based on 2001 Intermediate Geographies. Tarbert is included in Kintyre Trail. Source: ScotPHO Health and Wellbeing Profile. Data from 2009-2013.

Multimorbidity - More Than One Condition

- Multimorbidity means having more than one long-term condition.
- Levels of multimorbidity have been estimated for Scotland as a whole (Barnett et. al. 2012).



Category	Percentage
no conditions	58%
more than one condition	23%
one condition	19%

- Multimorbidity is more common with increasing age but the total number of people with multimorbidity and aged under 65 is higher than the total number aged 65+
- Multimorbidity starts 10-15 years earlier in most deprived compared to least deprived areas

Source: Barnett et al. 2012. Lancet Vol. 380 No. 9836 pg 37-43.

Kintyre Locality

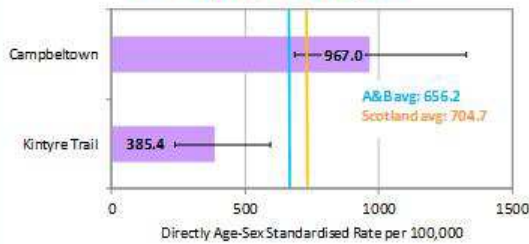
Locality Profile Information – Kintyre



Health and Social Care Risk Behaviours



Alcohol Related Hospital Stays



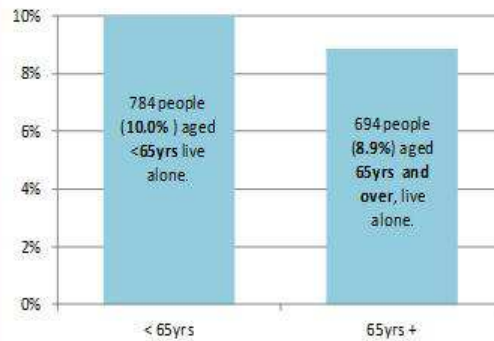
Summary: Rates of Alcohol-related hospital stays in Campbeltown are above the Argyll & Bute and Scottish averages. Those from Kintyre Trail area are lower. Many of these Alcohol-related hospital stays could be prevented.

Definition: General acute inpatient and day case stays with a diagnosis of alcohol misuse in any diagnostic position: number and directly age-sex standardised rate per 100,000 population. Data based on 2001 Intermediate Geographies. Kintyre trail includes Tarbert.

Source: Scottish Public Health Observatory (ScotPHO), 2013/14 financial year. CI 95%.

Isolation

Single Households in Kintyre



Summary: People living alone may be at risk of social isolation.

Source: Scottish Census 2011. % of people living in households. Data best-fit of 2001 datazones to locality area.

Physical Activity

A source for data on physical activity for Kintyre residents was not available. The following relates to Scotland as a whole.



Results from the Scottish Health Survey estimate that people age 16+ spend an average of 5.75hrs sedentary per day.

Source: Scottish Health Survey 2013.



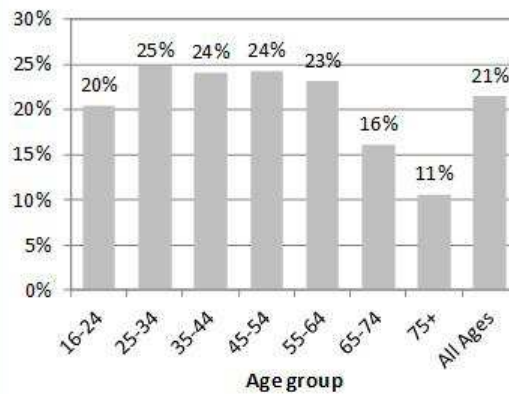
30 mins walk x 5 days per week, can reduce the risk of ...

↓ Stroke 30%
 ↓ Breast Cancer 20%
 +
 ↑ Live for <9yrs longer

Source: Scottish Government (2014), *Let's Get Scotland Walking, The National Walking Strategy*, p.15.

Smoking

A source for data on smoking for Kintyre residents was not available. The following relates to Scotland as a whole.




Summary: Smoking prevalence could be further reduced.


Note: Excludes those who reported smoking only cigars or pipes.

Source: Scottish Health Survey 2013.

Locality Profile Information – Kintyre



Health and Social Care Partnership Services



Local Services (not every service type is included)

GP/Health Centres

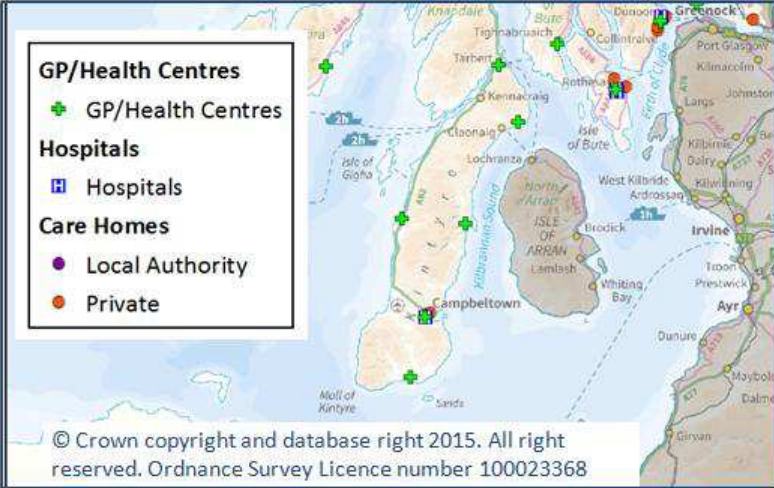
- + GP/Health Centres

Hospitals

- H Hospitals

Care Homes

- Local Authority
- Private



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Adult Care Homes:
Auchinlee
Kintyre Care Centre

Adult Day Service/Care :
Woodlands Centre

Home Care Providers:
MAKI Homecare
Carr Gomm

GPs:
Campeltown Health Centre
Carradale Sugery
Kintyre Medical Group

Hospital:
Campbeltown Hospital

Third Sector: A range of community support services

Locality Service Activity as Percentage of Argyll & Bute Total, FY14/15


Service Activity

Population (All ages)	8.8%
Population (0-15yrs)	8.8%
Population (75+)	10.3%
Self Directed Support Assessments	14.7%
Telecare Service Users	14.0%
SW Emergency Services Referrals	12.4%
SW Children & Families Referrals	11.1%
SW Adult Care Referrals	9.9%
Care Home Residents	9.7%
SW Adult Protection Referrals	9.2%
HomeCare Projected Paid Hours	7.8%
HomeCare Service Users	7.6%


Note: Population figures shown as percentage of the equivalent population of Argyll & Bute. All data relates to financial year 2014/15, except 'Self Directed Support Assessments' which are cumulated data from 01/04/14.
Source: Social Work Dept., Argyll & Bute Council (CareFirst, CMS & Telecare Access Database).

Kintyre Locality

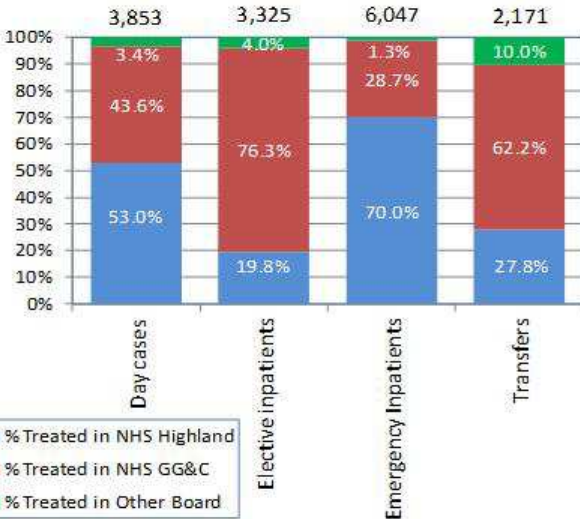
Locality Profile Information – Kintyre



Hospital Activity



Patient episodes by Health Board of treatment (Kintyre Residents)



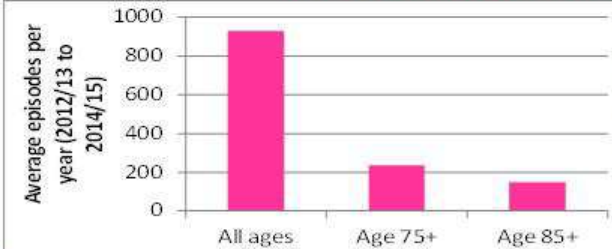
Category	Total Episodes	% Treated in NHS Highland	% Treated in NHS GG&C	% Treated in Other Board
Day cases	3,853	53.0%	43.6%	3.4%
Elective inpatients	3,325	19.8%	76.3%	4.0%
Emergency Inpatients	6,047	70.0%	28.7%	1.3%
Transfers	2,171	27.8%	62.2%	10.0%

Summary: Over three quarters of Elective (planned) inpatient episodes, for residents of Kintyre, are treated in NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde. However, 70% of Emergency Inpatients (admissions) are likely to be treated locally (within NHS Highland).

Note that: A person may have more than one episode of care. Episodes may vary in length.

Source: SMR01 data extract as at 12/08/2015. Data is based on 3 years by date of discharge. Age is age at admission. Locality data based on 2001 datazone best-fit.

Emergency Admissions by age



Age Group	Average episodes per year (2012/13 to 2014/15)
All ages	~900
Age 75+	~250
Age 85+	~150

Summary: 20% of emergency admissions in Kintyre are from people aged 75+. 13% are from those aged 85+.

Note that: A person may have more than one episode of care. Episodes may vary in length.

Source: SMR01 data extract as at 12/08/2015. Data is based on 3 years by date of discharge. Age is age at admission. Locality data based on 2001 datazone best-fit.

When is the next available local outpatient appointment?

CAMPBELTOWN HOSPITAL

Specialty	10-Sep	Frequency
Dermatology	15	Monthly
Ear, Nose & Throat (ENT)	9	6 per year
General Medicine (Consultant A)	3	Monthly
General Medicine (Consultant B)	1	Monthly
General Medicine (Consultant C)	6	6 per year
General Medicine (Consultant D)	1	Monthly
Endocrinology & Diabetes	7	6 per year
General Surgery	1	2 per month
General Surgery (Rota - Glasgow)	11	twice yearly
Gynaecology	6	Monthly
Obstetrics	3	Monthly
Ophthalmology	7	3 x month
Orthopaedic Surgery	8	Monthly
Paediatrics	3	6 per year
Paediatrics	3	6 per year
Urology	25	4 per year

KEY:

12 week waiting time alert

9 - 11 weeks waiting time alert

Summary: Consultant-led outpatient clinics, Campbeltown Hospital. Consultant-led outpatient clients in different specialties are also available in other hospitals, including in NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde. If the local wait is more than 12 weeks patients may be offered earlier available appointments in another area.

Source: Patient Management System (PMS), 10/09/15. Estimated number of weeks until next available appointment.

Kintyre Locality